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## You have welcomed a FAMILY WITH CHILDREN FROM UKRAINE

How to create good conditions for your guests

- If possible, give them a separate room, so that they can have their **privacy**.
- Briefly and clearly discuss with them what you can offer, your terms and conditions and their expectations - for how long they can stay with you, what is free and what you expect them to pay for, what are your internal unwritten rules.
- During the first few days, meeting the basic needs will be crucial. This includes food, drinks, sleep, hygiene, silence and peace (they might not feel very talkative at the beginning).
- Reassure them that they can just rest for a few days, and take their time to think what to do next. Do not rush to help them find quick solutions on where to go next. Ask them whether their preferred way of resting is active or passive
- Ask them what they prefer: coffee or tea, what is their favourite food, what are their dietary restrictions.
- Ask, especially children, **how you should** address them.
- Give them access passwords to your home wifi network, or help them to get a local phone number so they can communicate with their loved ones.

- Over time, you can give parents the opportunity to **cook their favorite meal for everyone** (even the hosts) or **involve** them **in routine household activities**. They might appreciate the opportunity to reciprocate your favours even in a small way. This may reduce their feeling of dependency, which can be frustrating.
- Don't overwhelm them with information. Give it to them in small doses. In order to communicate you can use the voice translator on your mobile phone.
- Don't ask too many questions, don't be "nosy". Offer them your ears instead.
  Leave to them the decision on whether and when they want to talk.
- Children and adults can show very different emotions or even no emotions at all and it's okay. It is just enough to listen, to nod, to keep an eye contact, for them to feel noticed and heard.
- At first, communicate with children mainly non-verbally - with a kind look and a smile. Be careful with your touches. Ask about their bedtime routine (complete silence/soft music, bedtime story, book, light/darkness...) anything you can do to enhance their feelings

of safety when falling asleep.

- **Don't overwhelm children with toys**. In case the child comes without a single toy, sensitively try to find out what type of toys they prefer and choose the most appropriate toy for him or her.
- Don't cry at the sight of them, pity doesn't help, but mirroring their crying is allowed :).
- Do not expect expressions of gratitude.

- If you feel that the adults are in a bad emotional state, offer to get them professional help or spend some time with their children so that they can relax, but do not take the children away from their parents in the early days.
- Keep in mind that they are a family, you need to respect their relationship and provide them space for its strengthening.